RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.SC. FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, MAY 2012

SECOND YEAR

Date : 23/05/2012

Time : 11 am - 1 pm

PHYSICS (General)
Paper : IV

Full Marks: 50

Group - A

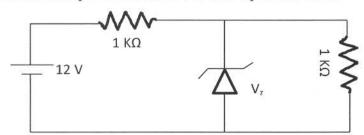
(Answer any three questions)

1.	a)	What is Huygen's principle for wave propagation?	[2]
	b)	Prove the laws of reflection using this principle.	[3]
2.	a)	Explain the theory of formation of Newton's ring.	[2]
	b)	Why is the center of Newton's ring dark?	[1]
	c)	State the conditions for sustained interference of light.	[2]
3.	a)	What is a half wave plate?	[2]
	b)	Calculate the thickness of a quartz half wave plate for the line 560 nm for which the extra ordinary and ordinary refractive indices of light are 1.55 and 1.53 respectively.	[3]
4.	a)	What is zone plate?	[2]
	b)	Explain the working principle of zone plate.	[3]
5.	a)	What is plane diffraction grating?	[1]
	b)	How many lines per cm are there in a grating which produces the first order maximum for a	
		light of wavelength 6000 Å at an angle 30°?	[2]
	c)	What is meant by resolving power of a plane diffraction grating?	[2]

Group - B

(Answer any two questions)

6. In the given circuit of the Zener diode of $V_z = 5V$, find whether the power dissipated in the Zener diode exceeds the maximum power limits of 100 mW specified for it. [5]



7. a) Draw the CE output characteristics and indicate the saturation, cut-off and active region.
b) Define α and β parameter of a transistor and derive the relation between them.
8. a) Draw the circuit symbol of a NOR gate and write down its truth table.
b) Show how can you form an AND gate using NAND gates.
c) Convert (-26)₁₀ to binary number.

Group - C

(Answer any five questions)

9.	a)	What do you mean by primitive unit cell.	[2]
	b)	The Bragg's angle for reflection from (220) plane of nickel is 38.2° when X-ray of wavelength 0.154 nm is employed in a diffraction experiment. Determine the lattice parameter of nickel.	[3]
10.	a)	Write down Einstein's photoelectric equation.	[1]
	b)	What do you mean by threshold frequency?	[1]
	c)	Work function of a metal is 1.07 ev. What will be the maximum kinetic energy of the ejected	
		electron when light of wavelength 6000 Å is incident on that metal?	[3]
11.	a)	State Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.	[2]
	b)	State Pauli's exclusion principle. How is this principle applied in explaining the periodic table of elements?	[3]
12.		particle of mass m is confined to a one dimensional rigid box. Derive the expressions for its ergy and normalised wavefunction by solving Schrodinger's equation.	[5]
13.	a)	What do you mean by eigenfunction and eigenvalue.	
	b)	Compare Raman effect and Compton effect.	[3]
14.	a)	Write down the postulates of Einstein's special theory of relativity.	[2]
	b)	A rod of length one metre is in a satellite moving with respect to the earth with velocity 0.99c. What is the length of the rod with respect to an observer on the earth.	[3]
15.	a)	Explain the terms, binding energy and packing fraction of a nucleus.	[1+1]
	b)	What do you mean by nuclear fission and fusion reactions?	[3]
16.	a)	What is meant by artificial transmutation?	[1]
	b)	A nucleus emits an α -particle followed by two β -particles. Show that the final nucleus is an isotope of the initial one.	[2]
	c)	The half-life of a radioactive element is 60 days. Determine its decay constant and mean-life.	[2]